

RESEARCH ARTICLE

OPINIONS OF STUDENTS OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, BAPATLA, TOWARDS TEACHING-LEARNING STYLES.

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Manuscript Info	Abstract					
<i>Manuscript History</i> Received: 12 August 2016 Final Accepted: 22 September 2016 Published: October 2016	Agricultural College, Bapatla was purposively selected out of the six Agricultural College in ANGRAU to know the opinions of students and teachers towards teaching-learning styles. The study was conducted by adopting the Ex - post - facto research design. The respondents for the study all final year B. Sc (Ag.) students (90) on					
<i>Key words:-</i> Opinion, students, teaching learning styles.	rolls as on the date of study in the selected campus due to they had undergone all the courses in different classrooms i.e. ordinary and model classroom The findings of the study revealed that majority of the respondent Students had neutral opinion towards teaching learning styles.					
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Introduction:-

Teaching is as old as mankind. The ultimate goal of teaching is to achieve mastery in learning and improve the quality of human performance. Davies (1981) stated that successful teaching is nine tenths perspiration and one-tenth inspiration. In other words, besides the art of delivery, the teacher must put in lot of hard work for achieving success in teaching. Teaching cannot happen without learners. In fact, teaching and learning are the two sides of the same coin. A student and teacher's general performance in learning and teaching is influenced by various internal and external factors. The opinions of students towards the model class room collected in the present study are of instrumental Value in improving the model classroom conditions there by improving the learning out come of the s tudent.

Materials and methods:-

The present Study was conducted by adopting Ex - Post - Facto Research Design. by selecting Agricultural College; Bapatla purposively out of the six Agricultural College in ANGRAU, Andhra Pradesh as it is the oldest College with supposed to be well experienced faculty and required Infrastructural facilities. All Final year B. Sc (Ag.) students (90) were purposively selected. Frequency (f) and Percentages (%) were used for statistical analysis.

Results and Discussion:-

Opinion of students towards learning styles:-

Learning styles:-

Learning styles of respondent students was operationally defined as their learning preferences in general as well as their personality dimensions including extra version Vs introversion, sensing Vs intuition, thinking Vs feeling, judging Vs perception over demarcated categories namely independent, dependent, collaborative, competitive, participative and avoidant.

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Distribution of respondent students according to their learning styles.

$(N_2 = 90)$

		Response Categories										
S.No. Item		Strongly Agree		Agree		Undecided		Disagree		Strongly Disagree		
		F	%	F	%	F	%	F	%	F	%	
1.	I involve my self while learning.	35	38.88	21	23.33	19	21.11	13	14.44	2	2.22	
2.	I learn things open minded enough without any bias.	28	31.11	18	20	30	33.33	13	14.44	1	1.11	
3.	I am critical, analytical in my learning.	22	24.44	9	10	24	26.66	35	38.88			
4.	I learn by doing.	29	32.22	17	18.88	14	15.55	30	33.33	4	4.44	
5.	I prefer experiential learning.	11	12.22	17	18.88	17	18.88	44	48.88			
6.	I prefer impartial learning.	32	35.55	15	16.66	6	6.66	37	41.11			
7.	I take risks while learning a thing.	31	34.44	25	27.77	19	21.11	15	16.66			
8.	I am theoretically biased in my learning.	25	27.77	18	20	23	25.55	24	26.66			
9.	I am practically biased in my learning.	26	28.88	13	14.44	7	7.77	44	48.88			
	Response Categories											
S.No.	S.No. Item		Strongly Agree		Agree		Undecided		Disagree		Strongly Disagree	
		F	%	F	%	F	%	F	%	F	%	
10.	I prefer future oriented learning.	35	38.88	13	14.44	7	7.77	35	38.88			
11.	I go with a contention that people learn differently.	41	45.55	26	28.88	14	15.55	9	10			
12.	I learn from my colleagues	42	46.66	17	18.88	11	12.22	19	21.11	1	1.11	
13.	I learn by exposure to mass media.	25	27.77	20	22.22	22	24.44	24	26.66	1	1.11	
14.	I learn by trail and error method.	31	34.44	21	23.33	25	27.77	10	11.11	4	4.44	

Table1: Distribution of respondent students according to their learning styles.

F = Frequency, % = Percentage

\rightarrow Multiple response possible

The Table 1 revealed that the percentage of respondent students who expressed their feeling of strongly agree towards different learning styles namely : I involve my self while learning (38.88%), I learn things open minded enough without any bias (31.11%), I am critical, analytical in my learning (24.44%), I learn by doing (32.22%), I prefer experiential learning (12.22%), I prefer impartial learning (35.55%), I take risks while learning a thing (34.44%), I am theoretically biased in my learning (27.77%), I am practically biased in my learning (28.88%), I prefer future oriented learning (38.88%), I go with a contention that people learn differently (45.55%), I learn from my colleagues (46.66%), I learn by exposure to mass media (27.77%), I learn by trail and error method (34.44%).

The percentage of respondent students who expressed their feeling of agree towards different learning styles namely : I involve my self while learning (23.33%), I learn things open minded enough without any bias (20%), I am critical, analytical in my learning (10%), I learn by doing (18.88%), I prefer experiential learning (18.88%), I prefer impartial learning (16.66%), I take risks while learning a thing (27.77%), I am theoretically biased in my learning (20%), I am practically biased in my learning (14.44%), I prefer future oriented learning (14.44%), I go with a contention that people learn differently (28.88%), I learn from my colleagues (18.88%), I learn by exposure to mass media (22.22%), I learn by trail and error method (23.33%).

The percentage of respondent students who unable to decide their feeling towards different learning styles namely : I involve my self while learning (21.11%), I learn things open minded enough without any bias (33.33%), I am critical, analytical in my learning (26.66.%), I learn by doing (15.55%), I prefer experiential learning (18.88%), I prefer impartial learning (6.66%), I take risks while learning a thing (21.11%), I am theoretically biased in my learning (25.55%), I am practically biased in my learning (7.77%), I prefer future oriented learning (7.77%), I go with a contention that people learn differently (15.55%), I learn from my colleagues (12.22%), I learn by exposure to mass media (24.44%), I learn by trail and error method (27.77%).

The percentage of respondent students who expressed their feeling of disagree towards different learning styles namely : I involve my self while learning (14.44%), I learn things open minded enough without any bias (14.44%), I am critical, analytical in my learning (38.88%), I learn by doing (33.33%), I prefer experiential learning (48.88%), I prefer impartial learning (41.11%), I take risks while learning a thing (16.66%), I am theoretically biased in my learning (26.66%), I am practically biased in my learning (48.88%), I prefer future oriented learning (38.88%), I go with a contention that people learn differently (10%), I learn from my colleagues (21.11%), I learn by exposure to mass media (26.66%), I learn by trail and error method (11.11%).

The percentage of respondent students who expressed their feeling of strongly disagree towards different learning styles namely : I involve my self while learning (2.22%), I learn things open minded enough without any bias (1.11%), I learn by doing (4.44%), I learn from my colleagues (1.11%), I learn by exposure to mass media (1.11%), I learn by trail and error method (4.44%).

In nutshell majority of the students preferred the learning styles viz., I involve my self while learning, I learn things open minded enough without any bias, I learn by doing, I prefer impartial learning, I take risks while learning a thing, I prefer future oriented learning, I go with a contention that people learn differently, I learn from my colleagues, I learn by exposure to mass media, I learn by trail and error method. The above findings were are inline with the findings of Vijayabhinandan (2003).

Perception of students towards teaching styles:-

Students perception towards teaching style define as psychological perception i.e. personal feeling towards different teaching styles.



Fig 1:- Distribution of respondent students according to their perception towards teaching styles.

		$(N_2 = 90)$				
S.No.	Category	Students				
		Frequency	Percentage			
1.	Favourable Perception	20	22.22			
2.	Neutral Perception	54	60.00			
3.	Unfavourable Perception	16	17.78			

From Table 2 inferred that vast majority (60%) of the students had neutral perception towards teaching students, 22.22 per cent had favourable perception and 17.78 per cent had unfavourable perception towards teaching styles. This was shown in Fig 1. It was inline with the findings of Reddy (2002).

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