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RESEARCH ARTICLE

FAMILY PRESENCE DURING RESUSCITATION (FPDR): A SURVEY OF EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT'S HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS SEEING ADULT PATIENTS IN TERTIARY HOSPITALS, RIYADH, SAUDI ARABIA.

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- 1. KKUH.
- 2. KSMC.
- 3. PSMMC.

Manuscript Info

Manuscript History

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Key words:-

resuscitation, family, presence, CPR, team...

Abstract

Background: Objectives: this study was conducted to determine the impact of family presence during resuscitation and to determine attitude of health care practitioner toward family presence during resuscitation. **Methods:** This study conducted at Prince Sultan military medical city, King Khalid university hospital and King Saud medical city in Riyadh Saudi Arabia. A cross sectional descriptive study to find out effect of presence of relatives during CPR on health care providers and family members in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. All health providers attending during adult CPR were included in the study. 360 HCP were interviewed using a questionnaire. (semi-structured interview). data analysis done by the use of SPSS program

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Introduction:-

Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) is one of the most evolving areas of modern medicine. It is a lifesaving technique is useful in many emergencies but it is a shock for the family member during the resuscitation. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation is essential in cases of suffocation near drawing, electrocution injuries, and heart attack. Presence of patients' families during resuscitation has emerged as an important practice issue, sparking considerable controversy worldwide.

Family presence during resuscitation (FPDR): The presence of family in the patient care area, in a location that affords visual or physical contact with the patient during resuscitation events.

Family member: A person older than 18 years who has an established relationship with the patient (includes patient's family, loved ones, and close friends)

Family support person (FSP): A role assigned to a specific healthcare provider (HCP) who has no direct patient care responsibility during a resuscitation and is specifically assigned to initiate interventions, assist the family, provide emotional and psychosocial support, and be a shoulder to lean upon in Family presence during resuscitation (FPDR) situations. The importance of the patient's relatives to accept the result of the recovery with less psychological damage, When these were evaluated.

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A program of Family presence during resuscitation was instituted at Foote, with a follow-up as result Positive feedback came from both families and staff. A survey was then conducted of family Members of patients who had recently died in the hospital to determine whether they had felt a need to be present Of the 18 surveyed, 13 (72%) responded that they wished they had been present during the resuscitation (1).

In other Survey in 1985 of 47 family members who had been present during resuscitation reporting that 76% felt that their adjustment to the death was made easier by their presence in the room and 64% felt that their presence was beneficial to the dying person (1).

In other study evaluated the medical staff safety and sense of security in the family presence during resuscitation they found the median stress level as measured on the visual-analogue scale was 5 out of 100 (interquartile range, 0 to 15) among 1710 health care professionals, there is no significant differences in stress levels according to family-presence status (2).

In our study we are evaluating our study objectives of health care practitioners in 3 major hospitals in Riyadh city

Methods:-

• Study sittings:

The study was conducted at three major hospitals which are Prince Sultan military medical city, King Khalid university hospital and King Saud medical city in Riyadh Saudi Arabia

•Study design:

A cross sectional descriptive study to find out Attitudes and effect of presence of relatives during CPR on health care providers and family members in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia

• Study sample:

All health providers attending during adult CPR (consultant, specialist, resident, intern, nurseand paramedic).

• Sample size:

We used formula for sample size calculation for estimation of one proportion:

$$n = \left[\frac{Z_{\alpha/2}}{E}\right]^2 * P(1 - P)$$

Where

n= sample size $\mathbf{Z} \cdot \mathbf{a}/\mathbf{2} = 1.96$ (The critical value that divides the central 95% of the Z distribution from the 5% in the tail) $\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{the}$ prevalence of the outcome variable $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{the}$ margin of error (=width of confidence interval)

an
$$n = \frac{1.96^2 \times 0.3(1-0.3)}{(0.05)^2} = 322.7 \sim 323_0$$
 subjects included.

• Sample technique:

The study population selected by simple random sampling **equally**between three major hospitals.

• Data collection:

The date was collected via interviewing healthcare providers practicing in emergency department in assigned hospitals.

• The analysis done by the use of **SPSS** program.

Results:-

Our study included 360 HCP from 3 major hospitals in Riyadh "PSMMC 30%, KKUH 34% And KSMC 30%" comprised of 160 physicians, 162 nurses, and 38 EMT, Percentage of males 45% And Female 55%. Average age between 20-29 Their percentage is higher than 59%.

Percentage of Saudis in the questionnaire 38% And non-Saudi 62%, The average experience was 1-5 year.

Demographic variables		Frequency	Percent
HCP age range in years	20-29	214	59%
	30-39	103	29%
	40-49	28	8%
	50-59	13	4%
	60 and above	2	1%
HCP, male or female	Male	162	45%
	Female	198	55%
	Saudi	137	38%
HCP nationality	Non-Saudi	222	62%
	Physician	160	44%
HCP Profession	Nurse	162	45%
	EMT-Paramedic.	38	11%
	< year	88	24%
	1-5 Y	149	41%
	6-10 Y	64	18%
Years of experience range	11-15 Y	27	8%
	16-20 Y	10	3%
	> 20 Y	22	6%
Hospital institution	KSMC	107	30%
	KKUH	121	34%
	PSMMC	132	37%

73% nonbeliever in family presence during resuscitation, Percentage of people who say that the organization does not currently have a written policy for family attendance during 80%, 33% would support the policy of family presence during resuscitation, 53% indicated that they allow a family member to attend the resuscitation. 70% never allowed a family member to attend the resuscitation. 52% asked by a family member if they could be present during the resuscitation, 67% believe that the family members have the right to request to attend resuscitation. 29% let the family members attend the resuscitation. 46% said there are enough staff in your institution to support the family members when they witness the resuscitation. 52% it will be allowed where one of your family members had a cardiac arrest and needed a resuscitation.

Questions	Values (Levels)	Frequency	Percent
Do you believe in the family presence?	Yes	96	26.7%
	No	264	73.3%
Does your institution currently have a	Yes	71	19.7%
written policy for the family presence	No	289	88.3%
during resuscitation?			
Would you support the policy of family	Yes	120	33.3%
presence during resuscitation to be	No	240	66.7%
applied?			
If the policy of family resuscitation was	Yes	170	47.2%
applied in your institution, would you	No	190	52.8%
allow the family to attend?			
Have you ever allowed a family member	Yes	107	29.7%
to attend the resuscitation?	No	253	70.3%
Have you ever been asked by a family	Yes	188	52.2%
member if they could be present during	No	172	47.8%

the resuscitation?			
Do you believe that the family members	Yes	240	66.7%
have the right to request to attend resuscitation?	No	120	33.3%
Would let the family members attend the	Yes	104	28.9%
resuscitation?	No	256	71.1%
Is there enough staff in your institution to	Yes	167	46.4%
support the family members when they	No	193	53.6%
witness the resuscitation?			
If you were in a situation where one of	Yes	188	52.2
your family members had a cardiac arrest	No	172	47.8%
and needed a resuscitation, would you ask			
to attend the resuscitation?			

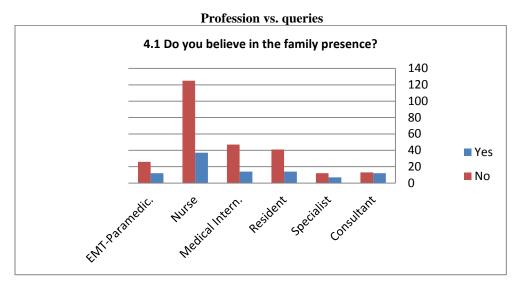
percentage of Respondents who strongly agree			be offered to	attend the res	uscitation,
Statement	Agreement				
	Strongly	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly
	disagreed				agree
3.1: The family should be offered to attend	7.2%	13.1%	20.8%	33.6%	25.3%
the resuscitation.					
3.2: The family should be welcomed into the	6.4%	22.2%	21.4%	32.2%	17.8%
resuscitation room if they ask to attend.					
3.3: The family presence during the	4.2%	10.3%	20.3%	32.2%	33.1%
resuscitation has appositive effect on the					
resuscitation team.	42.50/	20.70/	1670/	0.00/	2.20/
3.4: The family presence can increase the	42.5%	29.7%	16.7%	8.9%	2.2%
anxiety/stress of the resuscitation team.	40.00/	41.70/	0.00/	5.00/	2.00/
3.5: Family members may misinterpret some specific interventions.	40.8%	41.7%	8.9%	5.8%	2.8%
3.6: Family presence during the resuscitation	20.6%	39.7%	29.7%	6.7%	3.3%
increases the risk of litigation	20.0%	39.1%	29.7%	0.7%	3.3%
3.7: Family members present during	8.1%	21.7%	33.3%	26.4%	10.6%
resuscitation would be more understanding	0.170	21.770	33.370	20.470	10.070
regarding the outcome of the patient's					
condition					
3.8: Family members could potentially	29.7%	45.3%	17.8%	6.1%	1.1%
disrupt the resuscitation		101070	171070	0.170	11170
3.9: Verbal communication between	22.8%	37.5%	21.1%	14.4%	4.2%
resuscitation team members may be limited					
with the family presence					
3.10: Family presence during resuscitation	10.0%	26.9%	33.9%	17.2%	11.9%
would help the resuscitation team during					
breaking the bad news					
3.11: Family presence during resuscitation	8.9%	25.0%	35.3%	20.3%	10.6%
would be helpful for them to accept the death					
of the patient.					
3.12: Family presence during resuscitation	8.3%	21.4%	33.9%	26.1%	10.3%
would make them more understanding when					
resuscitation team members decide to stop					
the resuscitation	20.007	25.50	26.004	10.50	2.20/
3.13: Family presence during resuscitation	20.8%	37.5%	26.9%	12.5%	2.2%
would make them suffer from a long-term					
emotional effect	5.8%	22.20/	41.70/	21.7%	9.60/
3.14: Family presence during resuscitation	3.8%	22.2%	41.7%	21./%	8.6%
would make them more satisfied with the		<u> </u>			

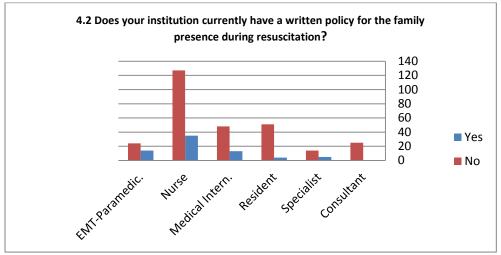
CC . C.1	l		1		1
effort of the resuscitation team					
3.15: If the family members were not	7,8%	23.9%	37.2%	23.1%	8.1%
present, they would express anger toward the					
resuscitation team for not doing everything					
possible to save the patient's life					
1					
3.16: The family might be allowed to be	12.8%	36.4%	26.7%	16.7%	7.5%
present only if they were well informed					
about resuscitation first, and accompanied by					
a knowledgeable family support person					
3.17: Due to the small space in the	33.3%	30.3%	21.7%	11.9%	2.8%
resuscitation room, I will not allow the					
family to attend the resuscitation					
3.18: I don't mind the family presence during	10.6%	18.6%	26.1%	28.9%	15.8%
the resuscitation but I will allow only one					
member to attend					
3.19: Family presence during resuscitation	8.3%	16.7%	34.4%	25.8%	14.7%
would make them feel better because they					
were with the patient in his/her difficult					
moments					
moments					

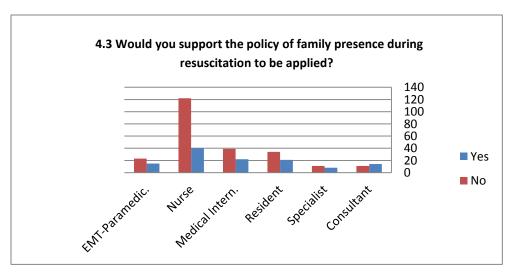
As noted from the above table,25% of the participants stated that the family should attend the resuscitation, and 32% of them think that their presence during the resuscitation will have a positive effect.32% of them agreed on allowing the family to attend if they were asked to 42% of the participants strongly disagreed about the common thought that the family presence will increase the anxiety and stress of the resuscitating team.in addition,40% of the study population strongly disagreed about our question that states if family members will present they will misinterpret some specific intervention. about 39.7% disagreed that presence of family members will increase the litigations. Regarding their opinion about presence of family members during the resuscitation will make them more understating about the outcome of the patient condition ,33.3% were neutral. In asking about if the family members will disrupt the resuscitation 45.3% disagreed.37.5% disagreed that the verbal communication between the team will be disrupted in the presence of the family.11.9% strongly agreed that the presence of the family during resuscitation will help the team during breaking bad news.25% of the studied population disagreed that family presence will help them in accepting the death of the patient.26.1% agreed that the family presence will make them understand why the team decided to stop the resuscitation.37.5% disagreed that the family presence will make them suffer from long term emotional effect. The opinions are markedly variable regarding if the family presence will make them more satisfied about the effort of the resuscitation team ranging from 5.8% strongly disagreed to 8.6% who are strongly agreed, the same regarding if the family members were not present they would be anger toward the team for not doing everything to save the patient life 21.7% agreed while 22.2% disagreed. About 7.5% strongly agreed that they will allow the family to attend only if they were will informed about the resuscitation.33.3% strongly disagreed preventing the family from attending due to the small space in the resuscitation room.15.8% strongly agreed that they will only one member of the family to attend.14.7% strongly agreed that family presence during resuscitation would make them better because they were with patient in the his/her difficult time.

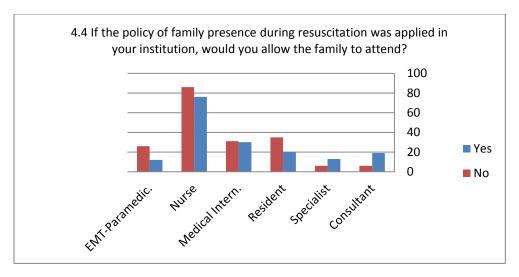
HCP Profession	on vs. queri	es						
HCP	ılt	ali	en	cal ı.	,	1e		Chi-Square Test
Profession	onsult t	Speciali st	Residen t4	Medical Intern.	Nurse	EMT- Parame dic.	Total	Value (Sig.)
	Con	Sp st	Re 4	M	ž	EP Pa dic	Ĕ	
4.1 Do you beli	eve in the f	amily preso	ence?					
Yes	12	7	14	14	37	12	96	.110
No	13	12	41	47	125	26	264	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.2 Does your	institution	currently h	ave a writt	ten policy f	or the fami	ly presence	during res	uscitation?
Yes	0	5	4	13	35	14	71	.002
No	25	14	51	48	127	24	289	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.3 Would you	ı support tl	e policy of	family pre	sence durir	ng resuscita	tion to be a	pplied?	

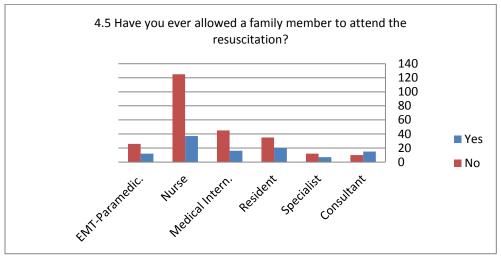
Yes	14	8	21	22	40	15	120	.021
No	11	11	34	39	122	23	240	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.4 If the p	olicy of fam	ily presence	e during re	suscitation	was applied	d in your i	nstitution, v	vould you allow the
family to at	ttend?							•
Yes	19	13	20	30	76	12	170	.003
No	6	6	35	31	86	26	190	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.5 Have yo	ou ever allov	ved a family	y member t	to attend th	ne resuscitat	ion?		
Yes	15	7	20	16	37	12	107	.005
No	10	12	35	45	125	26	253	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.6 Have yo	ou ever prev	ented a fan	nily membe	r to attend	the resuscit	tation?		
Yes	20	9	20	21	110	23	208	.000
No	5	10	35	40	52	15	152	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.7 Have yo	ou ever been	asked by a	family me	mber if the	ey could be p	present du	ring the res	uscitation?
Yes	14	11	25	22	93	23	188	.060
No	11	8	30	39	69	15	172	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.8 Do you	believe that	the family	members h	ave the rig	ht to reques	st to attend	l resuscitati	on?
Yes	21	13	34	37	108	27	240	.379
No	4	6	21	24	54	11	120	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.9 Would	you let the f	amily mem	bers attend	the resusc	itation?			
Yes	14	8	17	20	39	6	104	.007
No	11	11	38	41	123	32	256	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.10 Is the	ere enough	staff in yo	our institu	tion to su	pport the f	amily me	mbers wher	n they witness the
resuscitatio	n?							
Yes	12	10	20	24	84	17	167	.331
No	13	9	35	37	78	21	193	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	
4.11 If you	were in a	situation v	where one	of your fa	mily memb	ers had a	cardiac ar	rest and needed a
resuscitatio	n, would yo	u ask to att			?			
Yes	14	9	27	42	74	22	188	.061
No	11	10	28	19	88	16	172	
Total	25	19	55	61	162	38	360	

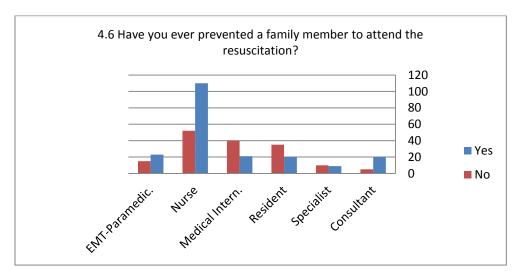


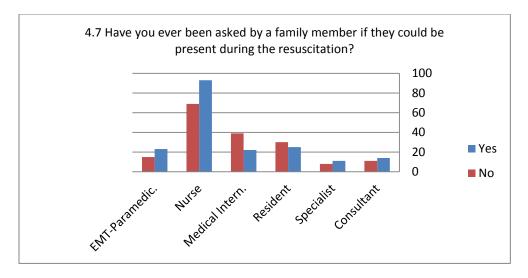


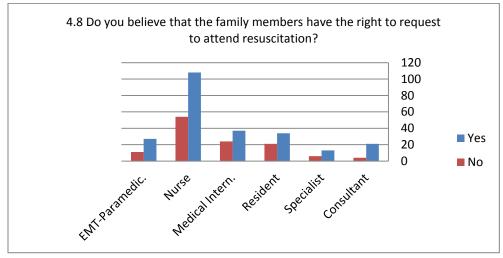


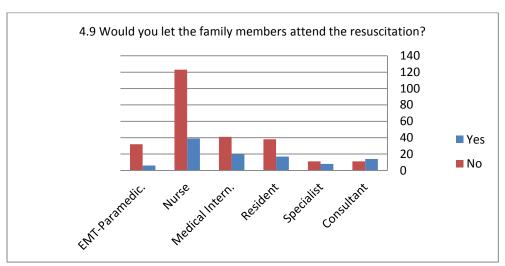


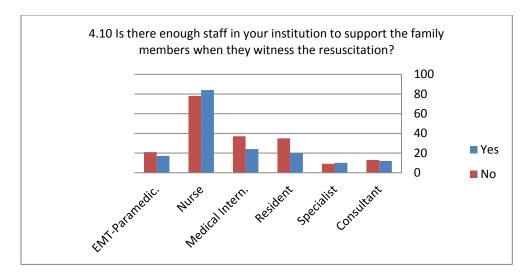


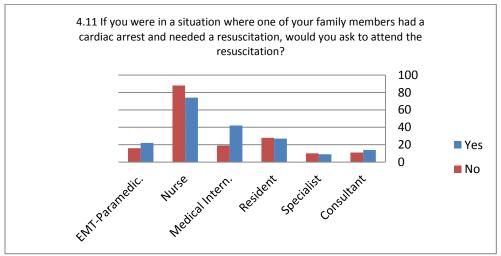












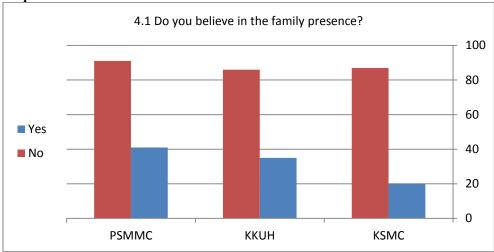
We found After conducting the study on a random sample of different medical professions (consultants 7%, medical interns 17%, residents 15%, specialist 5.3%, paramedics 10.6%, nurse 16.7%) and analyzing the data and forming across tab of the variables with the professions, that there is association between the profession and the decision were made, which means there is independent relationship in between ,for example: in the questions (4.2-4.3-4.4-4.5-4.6-4.9), based on the p-value and margins of error that were decided in this study.

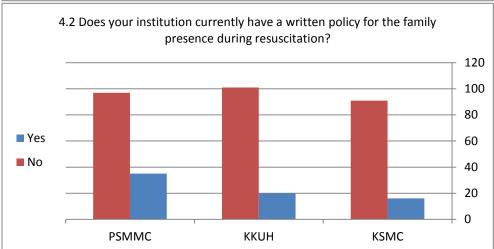
So we can conclude that there is impact of the profession on the decisions. And the previous charts represent that.

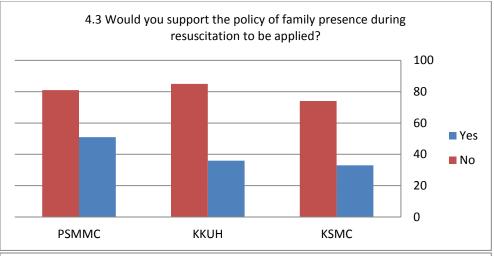
HCP Institu	ition vs. queri	es			
HCP			C	Total	Chi-Square Test
Profession	4C	H O	₹		
	KSMC	KKUH	PSMMC		Value (Sig.)
4.1 Do you be	elieve in the fa	mily presence?			-
Yes	20	35	41	96	.078
No	87	86	91	264	
Total	107	121	132	360	
4.2 Does you	r institution c	urrently have a w	ritten policy for the f	family presence durin	ng resuscitation?
Yes	16	20	35	71	.046
No	91	101	97	289	
Total	107	121	132	360	

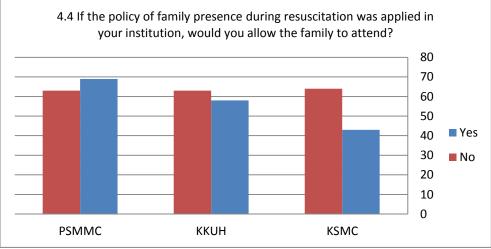
4.3 Would	you support the	policy of family	presence during resu	scitation to be applie	ed?
Yes	33	36	51	120	.263
No	74	85	81	240	
Total	107	121	132	360	
		presence during r	esuscitation was app	lied in your instituti	on, would you allow the
family to a	ttend?				
Yes	43	58	69	170	.174
No	64	63	63	190	
Total	107	121	132	360	
4.5 Have y	ou ever allowed	a family member	to attend the resusci	tation?	
Yes	31	30	46	107	.213
No	76	91	86	253	
Total	107	121	132	360	
4.6 Have y	ou ever prevent	ed a family memb	er to attend the resus	scitation?	
Yes	56	72	80	208	.391
No	51	49	52	152	
Total	107	121	132	360	
4.7 Have y	ou ever been asl	ked by a family m	ember if they could b	oe present during the	e resuscitation?
Yes	54	62	72	188	.793
No	53	59	60	172	
Total	107	121	132	360	
4.8 Do you	believe that the	family members	have the right to req	uest to attend resusc	itation?
Yes	68	85	87	240	.549
No	39	36	45	120	
Total	107	121	132	360	
4.9 Would	vou let the fami	ly members atten	d the resuscitation?		
Yes	32	31	41	104	.611
No	75	90	91	256	
Total	107	121	132	360	
					when they witness the
resuscitati		-	• •	-	.
Yes	49	58	60	167	.915
No	58	63	72	193	
Total	107	121	132	360	
4.11 If yo	u were in a situ	uation where one	e of your family me	mbers had a cardia	ac arrest and needed a
resuscitati	on, would you as	sk to attend the ro	esuscitation?		
Yes	60	62	66	188	.624
No	47	59	66	172	
Total	107	121	132	360	

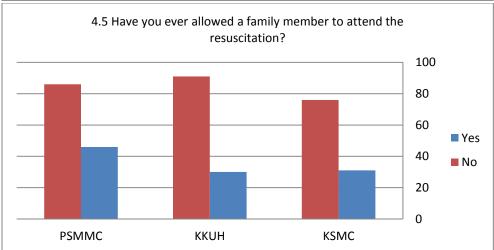
Institution vs. queries

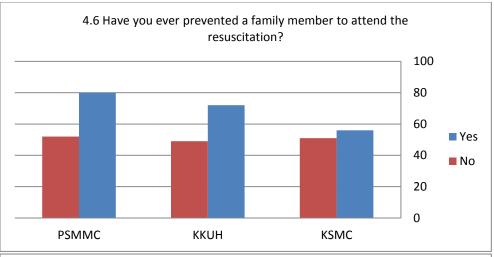


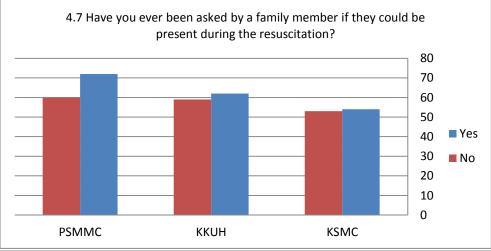


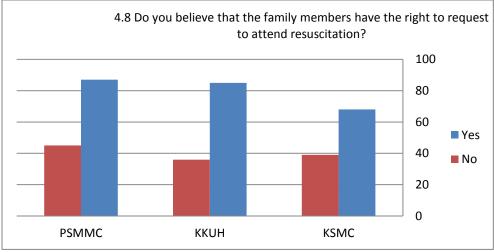


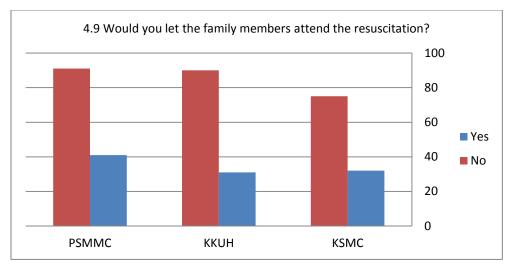


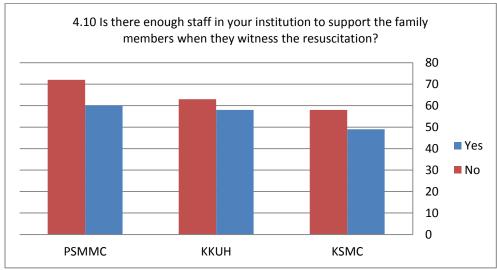


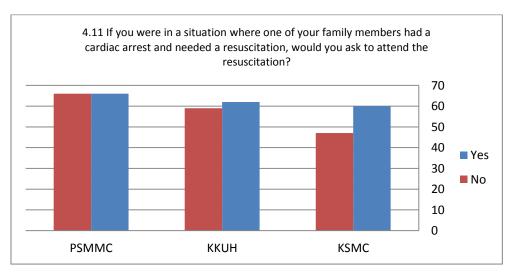












The sample was randomly collected from the hospitals, the percentages for each hospital is)KSMC 29.7%, KKUH 33.6% & PSMMC 36.7%(and the data was analyzed, across tab of the variables with the hospital showed that

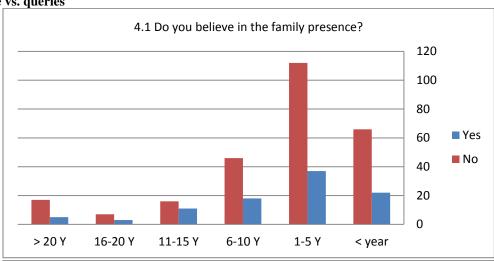
there is no association between being employed in a certain hospital and taking a particular decision, except in the question number (4.2),based on the p-value and margins of error that were decided in this study.

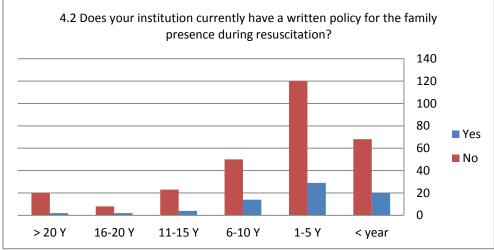
So we can conclude that there is no impact of the hospitals on the decisions of the participants. And the previous charts represent that.

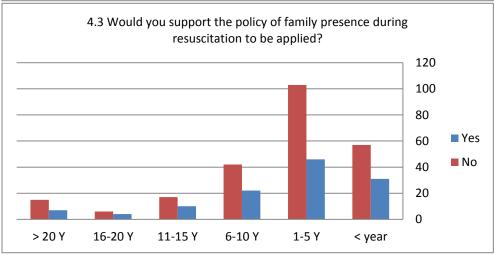
HCP Experie	1							Chi Canana Tar
HCP Profession	<u> </u>		>	II-15 Y	6-20 Y	>	-	Chi-Square Tes
Profession	< year	-5 Y	6-10 Y	1 7	5-2	20 Y	Total	Value (Sig.)
	V	1	-9	11	16	\wedge	T	
4.1 Do you bel	lieve in the	family pres	sence?					
Yes	22	37	18	11	3	5	96	.636
No	66	112	46	16	7	17	264	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.2 Does your	· institution	currently	have a wri	itten policy	for the far	nily presen	ceduring re	esuscitation?
Yes	20	29	14	4	2	2	71	.750
No	68	120	50	23	8	20	289	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.3 Would yo	u support t	he policy o	f family pr	esence dur	ing resusci	itation to b	e applied?	1
Yes	31	46	22	10	4	7	120	.965
No	57	103	42	17	6	15	240	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
				suscitation				would you allow th
family to atte		, F	-		······································	J J	,	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Yes	39	63	32	19	5	12	170	.142
No	49	86	32	8	5	10	190	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.5 Have you	ever allow	ed a family	member t	o attend th	e resuscita	tion?	II.	I.
Yes	23	45	16	11	4	8	107	.581
No	65	104	48	16	6	14	253	—
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.6 Have you			lv membe	r to attend	the resusci	itation?		
Yes	39	85	47	19	5	13	208	.010
No	49	64	17	8	5	9	152	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.7 Have you								uscitation?
Yes	33	80	44	14	8	9	188	.002
No	55	69	20	13	2	13	172	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.8 Do you be			_					ion?
Yes	55	102	43	18	8	14	240	.876
No	33	47	21	9	2	8	120	- 1.07.0
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.9 Would yo							300	
Yes	24	42	15	13	4	6	104	.254
No	64	107	49	14	6	16	256	— · [∠] 54
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
								n they witness th
resuscitation	_	tan in you	511141	ion to sup	pport me	ianniy ine	mpers wile	n they withess th
Yes	38	63	39	15	4	8	167	.118
No	50	86	25	12	6	14	193	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	
4.11 If you v				41	10			

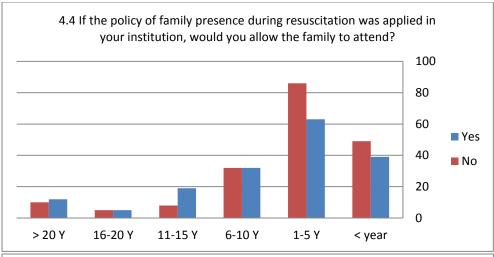
resuscitation, v	vould you a	sk to attend	the resusc	itation?				
Yes	52	77	29	14	7	9	188	.380
No	36	72	35	13	3	13	172	
Total	88	149	64	27	10	22	360	

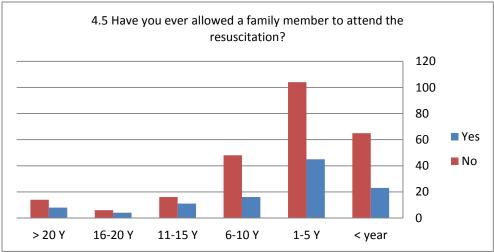
Experience vs. queries

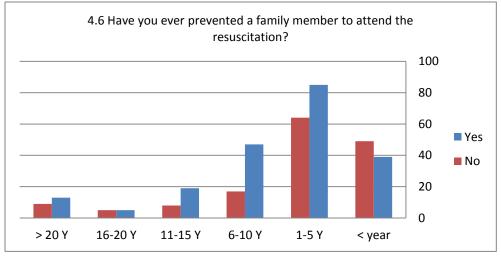


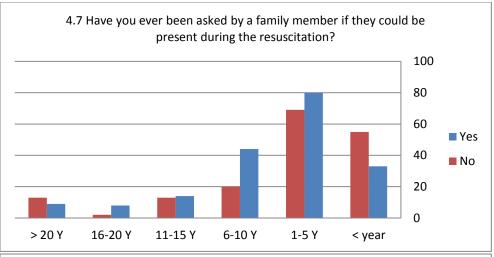


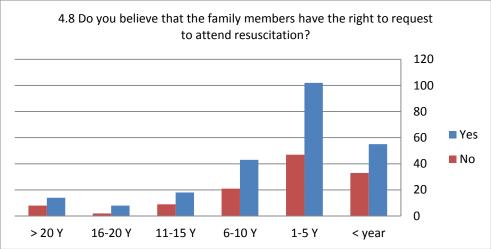


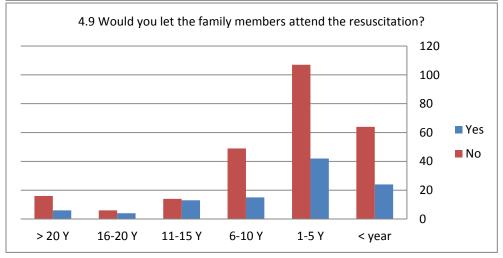


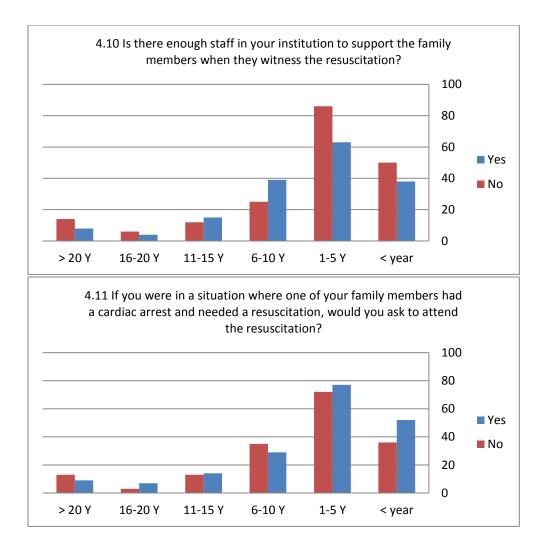












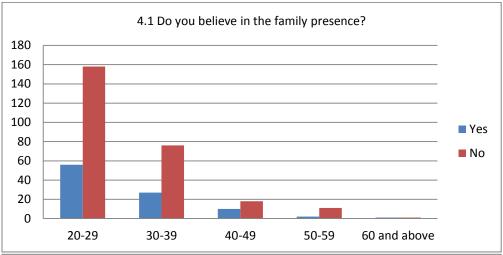
After forming tables comparing the variables with the years of experience of the participants (the years of experience of the participants in our study:less than one year:24%,1year-5years:41%,6years-10years:18%,11years-15years:8%,16years-20years:3%,experience above 20 years:6%) We found that there is no association between the years of experience and taking a particular decision, in respect to the p-value and margins of error that were decided in this study.

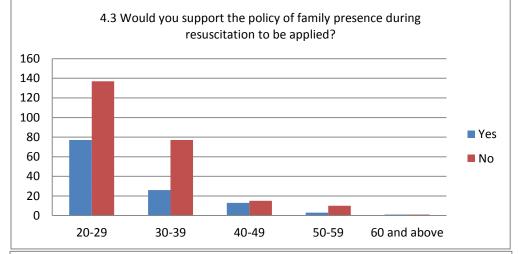
So, we can conclude that there is no impact of the experience on the decisions of the participants. And the previous charts represent that.

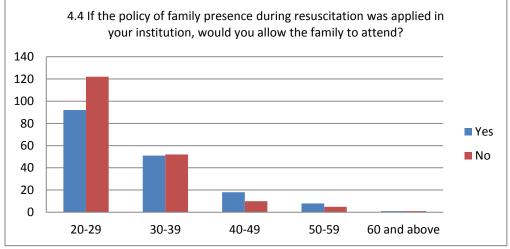
HCP						Total	Chi-Square Test
Profession					above		
	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60 and		Value (Sig.)
4.1 Do you b	elieve in the	family pres	sence?	•	•		
Yes	56	27	10	2	1	96	0.625
No	158	76	18	11	1	264	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	

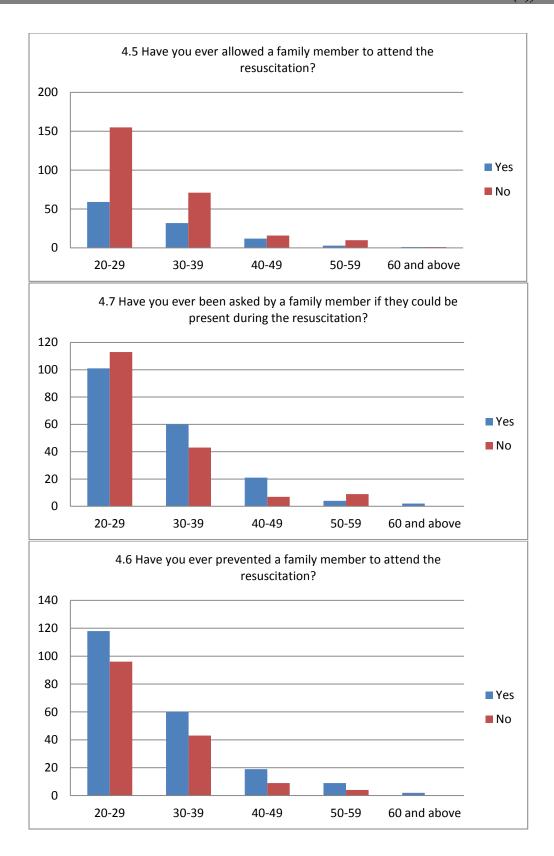
Yes	43	22	6	0	0	71	0.416
No	171	81	22	13	2	289	0.410
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
						itation to be app	lied?
Yes	77	26	13	3	1	120	0.151
No	137	77	15	10	1	240	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
4.4 If the po	olicy of fami	ly presence o	during res	uscitation	was applie	ed in vour institu	ition, would you allow the
family to at		-J F			······································	J J	, , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Yes	92	51	18	8	1	170	0.192
No	122	52	10	5	1	190	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
4.5 Have yo	u ever allow	ed a family	member to	attend th	e resuscita	tion?	•
Yes	59	32	12	3	1	107	0.471
No	155	71	16	10	1	253	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
4.6 Have yo	u ever prevo	ented a famil	y member	to attend	the resusci	itation?	
Yes	118	60	19	9	2	208	0.413
No	96	43	9	4	0	152	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
4.7 Have yo	u ever been	asked by a f	amily men	nber if the	y could be	present during t	the resuscitation?
Yes	101	60	21	4	2	188	0.008
No	113	43	7	9	0	172	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
	believe that	the family m	embers ha	ve the rig	ht to reque	est to attend resu	scitation?
Yes	142	69	22	6	1	240	0.341
No	72	34	6	7	1	120	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
	ou let the fa	mily membe	ers attend t	the resusci	itation?		
Yes	56	31	13	3	1	104	0.224
No	158	72	15	10	1	256	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	
		staff in you	r instituti	on to sup	port the	family member	s when they witness the
resuscitatio		1.50	1.5	1.2		1.65	Lo. 450
Yes	96	53	15	3	0	167	0.170
No	118	50	13	10	2	193	
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	<u> </u>
		situation wl u ask to attei				bers had a card	diac arrest and needed a
Yes	119	48	13	6	2	188	0.321
No	95	55	15	7	0	172	0.321
Total	214	103	28	13	2	360	—
1 Otal	Z14	103	20	13		300	

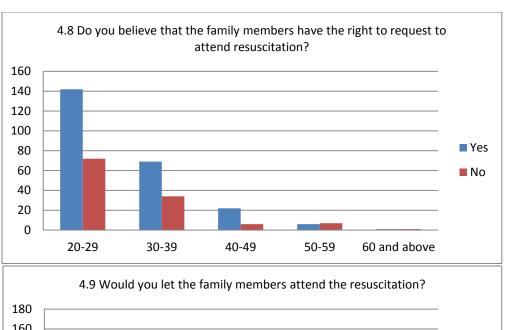
Age vs. queries

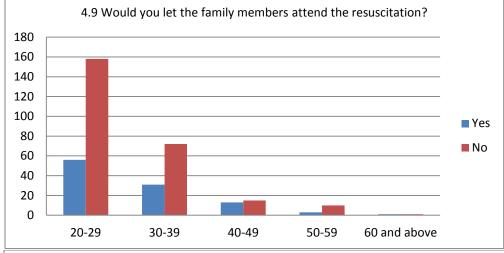


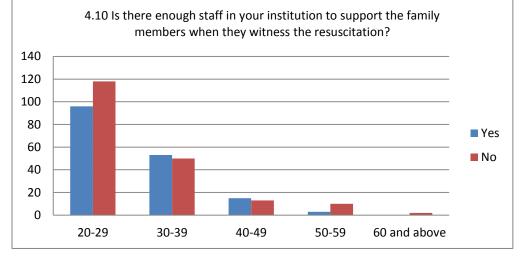


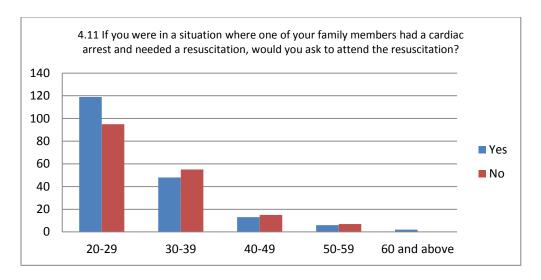












After forming tables comparing the variables with the age of the participants

(the percentage of the age groups of the participants in our study :20 -29 years :59.4%,30-39years:28.6%,40-49years:7.8%,50-59years:3.6%, above 60 years:0.6%)

We found that there is no association between the age and taking a particular decision, except in question (4.7), in regard to the p-value and margins of error that were decided in this study.

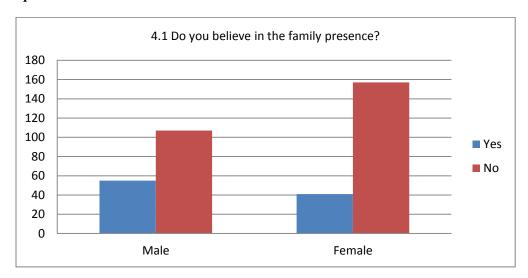
So, we can conclude that there is no impact of the age on the decisions of the participants.

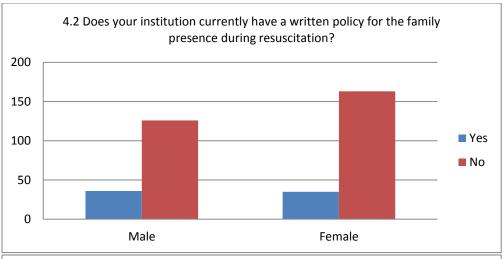
And the previous charts represent that.

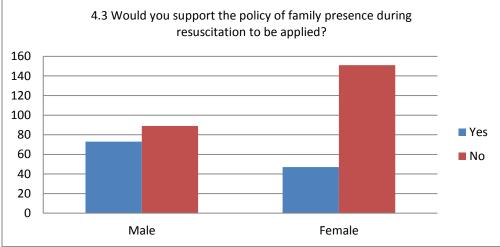
HCP Gene	der vs. queries				
HCP Profes	sion			Chi-Square Test	
	Male	Female	Total	Value (Sig.)	
4.1 Do you	believe in the fan	nily presence?	"	1	
Yes	55	41	96	.005	
No	107	157	264		
Total	162	198	360		
4.2 Does yo	our institution cu		ten policy for the f	family presence during resuscitation?	
Yes	36	35	71	.281	
No	126	163	289		
Total	162	198	360		
4.3 Would	you support the	policy of family pro	esence during resus	scitation to be applied?	
Yes	73	47	120	.000	
No	89	151	240		
Total	162	198	360		
		resence during resi	uscitation was app	lied in your institution, would you allow the	
family to a					
Yes	80	90	170	.192	
No	82	108	190		
Total	162	198	360		
		a family member to			
Yes	62	45	107	.471	
No	100	153	253	_	
Total	162	198	360		
		d a family member			
Yes	91	117	208	.413	
No	71	81	152		

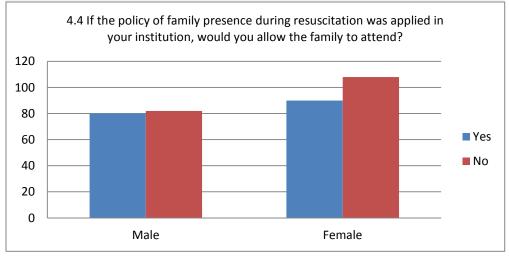
Total	162	198	360	
				e present during the resuscitation?
Yes	84	104	188	.008
No	78	94	172	
Total	162	198	360	
				est to attend resuscitation?
Yes	115	125	240	341
No	47	73	120	
Total	162	198	360	
4.9 Would yo	ou let the family	y members attend t	he resuscitation?	<u>'</u>
Yes	59	45	104	.224
No	103	153	256	
Total	162	198	360	
4.10 Is ther	e enough staff	f in your instituti	on to support the	family members when they witness th
resuscitation	_	·	• •	·
Yes	75	92	167	.170
No	87	106	193	
Total	162	198	360	
4.11 If you	were in a situ	ation where one o	f your family mer	nbers had a cardiac arrest and needed
resuscitation	, would you asl	k to attend the resu	scitation?	
Yes	91	97	188	.321
No	71	101	172	
Total	162	198	360	

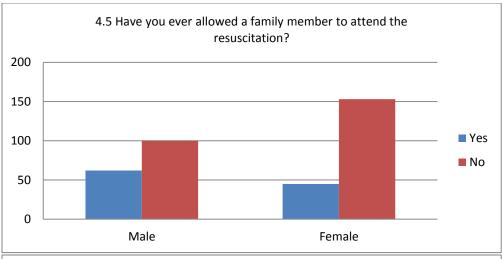
Gender vs. queries

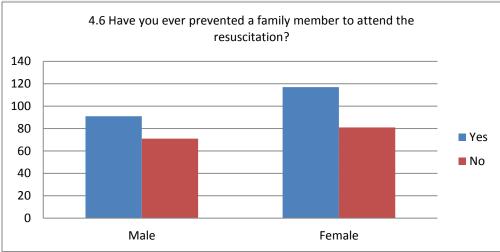


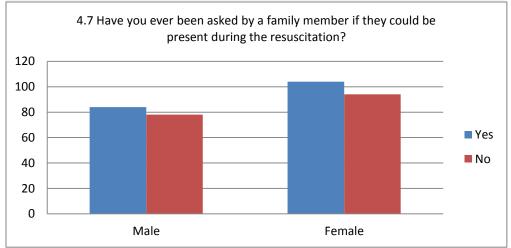


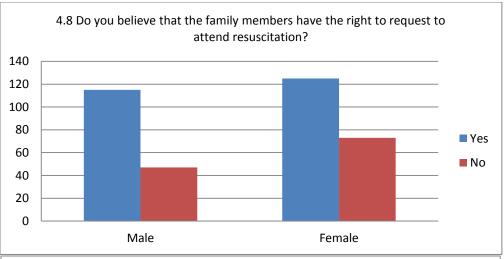




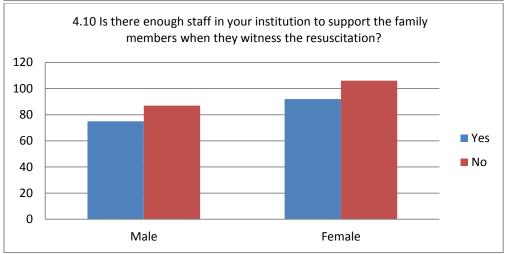


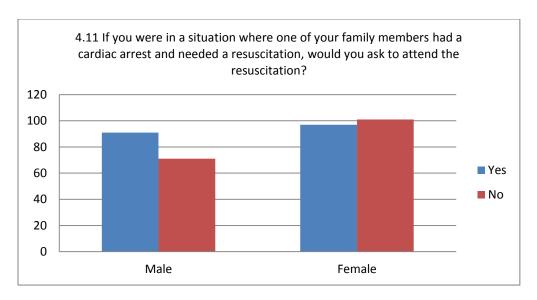












After forming tables comparing the variables with the gender of the participants (in this study the female gender represents:55%, and the male gender represents:45% of the participants)
We found that there is association between the gender and taking a particular decision, such as in question (4.1,4.3,4.7), in regard to the p-value and margins of error that were decided in this study.

So, we can conclude that there is impact of the gender on the decisions of the participants.

And the previous charts represent that.

Acknowledgment:-

WE dedicate our work to our families and many friends. Words of encouragement and push for tenacity ring in my ears. A special feeling of gratitude and special thanks to doctor Mohamed Al-Shahrani who was the supervisor of the work and also, the research team in PSMH, for their support till the end of this work, teaching us many skills and a lot of we cannot numerate. We also dedicate this work to many of our friends and who have supported us throughout the process, we will always appreciate all they have done.