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### **RESEARCH ARTICLE**

#### **ANTERIOR UVEITIS REVEALING MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS**

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#### **Manuscript Info**

##### **Manuscript History**

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#### **Abstract**

Multiple sclerosis is a chronic demyelinating disease of the central nervous system (1). It is often revealed by optic neuropathy(2). However, other ocular manifestations may be associated with multiple sclerosis, notably uveitis (2). We report the case of a patient who consulted for anterior Granulomatous uveitis and whose clinical and para-clinical examination revealed multiple sclerosis.

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#### **Introduction:-**

Multiple sclerosis a chronic demyelinating disease of the central nervous system (1). It is often revealed by optic neuropathy(2). However, other ocular manifestations may be associated with multiple sclerosis, notably uveitis (2).

#### **Observation:-**

We report the case of a 20-year-old female patient who consulted us with red eye, rapidly progressive unilateral visual acuity loss and intermittent headaches. Symptoms worsened with physical exertion and heat.

Clinical examination of the affected eye revealed finger-count visual acuity, elevated ocular tone at 25 mmhg, periorbital pain on ocular mobilization, granulomatous retro-corneal precipitates in sheep fat, anterior chamber cellular tyndall, iridial koepppe and busacca nodules. Examination of the vitreous and posterior segment was unremarkable. Examination of the Adelphe eye was strictly normal, with visual acuity of 10/10. General and neurological examinations were also normal.

In view of this picture, an inflammatory and infectious workup was requested, but was negative. A lumbar puncture revealed oligoclonal bands.

Cerebral-medullary MRI revealed T2 hypersignals in the periventricular, juxta-cortical and sub-tentorial right cerebellar white matter.

The diagnosis of multiple sclerosis was accepted, and the patient was treated with an intravenous bolus of methylprednisolone, corticosteroid eye drops and a hypotonizing agent.

The evolution was marked by a considerable improvement in visual acuity.

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**Discussion:-**

The prevalence of uveitis in patients with multiple sclerosis is around 1% (3). Although intermediate uveitis is the most common, anterior uveitis may also occur. Granulomatous uveitis appears to be the most common form (1).

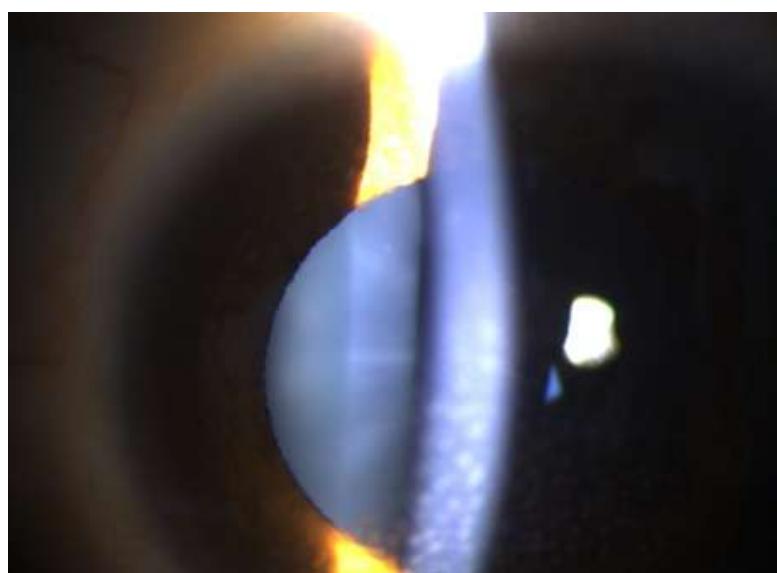
Ocular signs follow neurological manifestations in 50% of cases, and precede them in 38% (2). Multiple sclerosis should be suspected in patients aged between 20 and 50, and is twice as common in women (4). An increase in intraocular pressure during the course of uveitis can result from a variety of causes, such as a response to corticosteroid therapy, trabecular meshwork engorgement, iridocystalline or anterior synechiae (5). Treatment of multiple sclerosis associated with uveitis is based on corticosteroid therapy, or even immunosuppressive drugs. Interferon also appears to have a beneficial effect on the disease (3).

**Conclusion:-**

Anterior uveitis can be the inaugural manifestation of many systemic pathologies, including chronic inflammatory diseases such as multiple sclerosis.



**Fig1:-** Photograph of the right eye showing the retrocorneal precipitates.



**Fig 2:-** photograph of the right eye showing the koeppe and busaca nodules.

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